PROCLEAR (omafilcon B) Soft (Hydrophilic) Contact Lenses Daily Wear For Planned Replacement

IMPORTANT: Please read carefully and keep this information for future use. This package insert is intended for the eye care practitioner, but should be made available to patients upon request. The eye care practitioner should provide the patient with the patient instructions that pertain to the patient's prescribed lens.

SYMBOLS KEY:
The following symbols may appear on the label or carton.

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>SYMBOL</th>
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<td>RX</td>
<td>Caution: Federal (USA) law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a licensed practitioner</td>
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CAUTION: FEDERAL LAW RESTRICTS THIS DEVICE TO SALE BY OR ON THE ORDER OF A LICENSED PRACTITIONER.

DESCRIPTION

PROCLEAR (omafilcon B) Contact Lenses are available as spheric, aspheric, toric, toric XR, multifocal, multifocal XR and multifocal toric lens designs.

The lenses are made of polymer of 2-hydroxy-ethylmethacrylate and 2-methacryloxyethyl phosphorylcholine cross-linked with ethyleneglycol dimethacrylate. The lens material has a permanent tint using color additive Reactive Blue 4 or Vat Blue 6.

PROCLEAR SPHERE AND ASPHERE contact lenses parameters:
- Diameter: 13.6 – 15.2 mm
- Base Curve: 8.0 – 9.3mm
- Center Thickness: 0.035 to 0.17 mm (varies with power)
- Powers: –20.00D to +20.00D

PROCLEAR TORIC AND PROCLEAR TORIC XR contact lenses parameters:
- Diameter: 13.6 – 15.2 mm
- Base Curve: 8.0 – 9.3mm
- Center Thickness: 0.09mm to 0.65mm (varies with power)
- Powers: –20.00D to +20.00D
- Cylinder: –0.75 to -5.75 D
- Axis: 1° to 180° with ANSI Standards

PROCLEAR MULTIFOCAL AND PROCLEAR MULTIFOCAL XR contact lenses parameters:
- Diameter: 13.6 – 15.2 mm
- Base Curve: 8.3 – 8.9mm
- Center Thickness: 0.035 to 0.65 mm (varies with power)
- Powers: –20.00D to +20.00D
- Addition Powers: +1.00 to +4.00D

PROCLEAR MULTIFOCAL TORIC contact lenses parameters:
- Diameter: 13.6 – 15.2 mm
- Base Curve: 8.3 – 8.9mm
- Center Thickness: 0.035 to 0.65 mm (varies with power)
- Powers: –20.00D to +20.00D
- Addition Powers: +1.00 to +4.00D
- Cylinder Powers: –0.75 to –5.75D

The physical/optical properties of the lenses are:
- Refractive Index: 1.390 ± 0.005
- Light Transmittance: >90%
- Surface Character: Hydrophilic
- Water Content: 62%
- Specific Gravity: 1.76
- Oxygen Permeability: 27.00 X 10⁻¹¹

Call our Customer Service Department at (800) 341-2020 for current availability

ACTIONS

When placed on the cornea in its hydrated state, the PROCLEAR (omafilcon B) Soft (Hydrophilic) Contact Lens acts as a refracting medium to focus light rays on the retina. The toric lens provides a more even surface over the highly uneven astigmatic cornea and thus helps to focus light rays on the retina.

INDICATIONS FOR USE

Spherical and Aspherical: Proclear Sphere and Asphere (omafilcon B) Soft Hydrophilic Contact Lenses are indicated for daily wear for the correction of visual acuity in not aphakic persons with non-diseased eyes that are myopic or hyperopic and exhibit astigmatism of 2.00D or less that does not interfere with visual acuity.

Toric: Proclear Toric (omafilcon B) Soft Hydrophilic Contact Lenses are indicated for daily wear for the correction of visual acuity in not aphakic persons with non-diseased eyes that are myopic or hyperopic. The lens may be worn by persons who have astigmatism of 5.00D or less.

Multifocal: Proclear Multifocal (omafilcon B) Soft Hydrophilic Contact Lenses are indicated for daily wear for the correction of refractive ametropia (myopia, hyperopia, and astigmatism) and presbyopia in not aphakic persons with non-diseased eyes. The lenses may be worn by persons who have astigmatism of 2.00D or less that does not interfere with visual acuity.

Toric XR: Proclear Toric XR (omafilcon B) Soft (Hydrophilic) Contact Lenses are indicated for daily wear for the correction of visual acuity in aphakic and not-aphakic persons with non-diseased eyes that are myopic or hyperopic which possess astigmatism corrections to -5.75 diopters.

Multifocal XR: Proclear Multifocal XR (omafilcon B) Soft (Hydrophilic) Contact Lenses are indicated for daily wear for the correction of visual acuity in aphakic and not-aphakic persons with non-diseased eyes that are myopic or hyperopic and are presbyopic. The lenses may be worn by persons who exhibit astigmatism of 0.75 diopters or less that does not interfere with visual acuity.

Multifocal Toric: Proclear Multifocal Toric (omafilcon B) Soft (Hydrophilic) Contact Lenses are indicated for daily wear for the correction of visual acuity in aphakic and not-aphakic persons with non-diseased eyes that are myopic or hyperopic which possess astigmatism to -5.75 diopters or less, and are presbyopic.

PROCLEAR (omafilcon B) Soft (Hydrophilic) Contact may provide improved comfort for contact lens wearers who experience mild discomfort or symptoms related to dryness during lens wear associated with Evaporative Tear Deficiency or from Aqueous Tear Deficiency(non-Sjogren’s only).

Daily wear replacement schedules may vary from patient to patient and should be decided by eye care practitioners in consultation with their patients.

CONTRAINDICATIONS (REASONS NOT TO USE):

Part Number: PI01024
Revision: A
Do not use soft contact lenses when any of the following conditions exist:
- Acute and subacute inflammation or infection of the anterior chamber of the eye.
- Any eye disease, injury, or abnormality that affects the cornea, conjunctiva, or eyelids.
- Severe insufficiency of lacrimal secretion (dry eyes).
- Corneal hypoesthesia (reduced corneal sensitivity), if not aphakic.
- Any systemic disease that may affect the eye or be exaggerated by wearing contact lenses.
- Allergic reactions of ocular surfaces or adnexa that may be induced or exaggerated by wearing contact lenses or use of contact lens solutions.
- Allergy to any ingredient, such as mercury or thimerosal, in a solution, which is to be used to care for any soft contact lens.
- Any active corneal infection (bacterial, fungal, or viral).
- If eyes become red or irritated.
- The patient is unable to follow lens care regimen or unable to obtain assistance to do so.

**WARNINGS**

**Patients should be advised of the following warnings pertaining to contact lens wear:**

- **PROBLEMS WITH CONTACT LENSES AND LENS CARE PRODUCTS COULD RESULT IN CORNEAL INFECTION AND/OR ULCER AND LEAD TO LOSS OF VISION.** It is essential that you follow your eye care practitioner’s directions and all labeling instructions for proper use of lenses and lens care products, including the lens case.

  You should follow the complete recommended lens rubbing and rinsing times in the product labeling to adequately disinfect your lenses and reduce the risk of contact lens contamination. Reduced rubbing or rinsing times may not adequately clean your lenses.

  You should fill your lens case with fresh solution every time you store your lenses and never “top-off” or re-use solution. You should discard your solution immediately after your lenses have been removed from the lens case. You should not expose or store your lenses in or rinse your lens case with any water, such as tap, bottled or distilled, or with any non-sterile solution.

  Clean, rinse and air-dry your lens case each time you remove your lenses. In order to permit excess solution to drain, you can flip over your lens case while air drying. Replace your lens case frequently, depending upon your hygiene habits.

- **The result of a study** indicate the following:
  
  a. The overall annual incidence of ulcerative keratitis in daily wear contact lens users is estimated to be about 4.1 per 10,000 persons and about 20.9 per 10,000 persons in extended wear contact lens users.

  b. The risk of ulcerative keratitis is 4 to 5 times greater for extended wear contact lens users than for daily wear users. When daily wear users who wear their lenses overnight and extended wear users who wear their lenses on a daily basis are excluded from the comparison, the risk among extended wear users are 10 to 15 times greater than among daily wear users.

  c. When daily users wear their lenses overnight (outside the approved indication), the risk of ulcerative keratitis is 9 times greater than among those who do not wear them overnight.

  d. The overall risk of ulcerative keratitis may be reduced by carefully following directions for lens care, including cleaning the lens case.

  e. The risk of ulcerative keratitis among contact lens users who smoke is estimated to be 3 to 8 times greater than among non-smokers.

- **f. If patients experience eye discomfort, excessive tearing, vision changes, redness of the eye or other problems, they should be instructed to immediately remove their lenses and promptly contact their Eye Care Practitioner. It is recommended that contact lens wears see their Eye Care Practitioner routinely as directed.**

**PRECAUTIONS**

**Special Precautions for Eye Care Practitioners**

- Due to the small numbers of patients enrolled in clinical investigation of lenses, all refractive powers, design configurations, or lens parameters available in the lens material are not evaluated in significant numbers. Consequently, when selecting an appropriate lens design and parameters, the eye care practitioner should consider all characteristics of the lens that can affect lens performance and ocular health, including oxygen permeability, wettability, central and peripheral thickness, and optic zone diameter.

- The potential impact of these factors on the patient’s ocular health should be carefully weighed against the patient’s need for refractive correction; therefore, the eye care practitioner should consider all characteristics of the lens that can affect lens performance and ocular health, including oxygen permeability, wettability, central and peripheral thickness, and optic zone diameter.

If the lens sticks (stops moving) on the eye, follow the recommended directions on Care for a Sticking Lens. The lens should move freely on the eye for the continued health of the eye. If non-movement of the lens continues, the patient should be instructed to immediately consult his or her eye care practitioner.

Always wash and rinse hands before handling lenses. Do not get cosmetics, lotions, soaps, creams, deodorant, or sprays in the eyes or on the lenses. It is best to put on lenses before putting on makeup. Water-based cosmetics are less likely to damage lenses than oil-based products.

Do not touch the contact lenses with the finger or hands if the hands are not free of foreign materials, as lens damage may occur.

Carefully follow the handling, insertion, removal, cleaning, and wearing instructions in the Patient Instructions for soft contact lenses and those prescribed by the eye care practitioner.

Never wear lenses beyond the period recommended by the eye care practitioner.

If aerosol products such as hairspray are used while wearing lenses, avoid all harmful or irritating vapors and fumes while wearing lenses.

Ask the eye care practitioner about wearing the lenses during sporting activities.

Inform the doctor (health care practitioner) about being a contact lens wearer.

Never use tweezers or other tools to remove lenses from the lens container unless specifically indicated for that use. Pour the lens into your hand.

Do not touch the lens with fingernails.

Bacteria can grow in contact lens cases. It is important to properly use, clean, and replace your cases, at regular intervals, recommended by the lens case manufacturer or your eye care practitioner.

Always discard lenses worn on a frequent replacement schedule after the recommended wearing schedule prescribed by the eye care practitioner.

Always contact the eye care practitioner before using any medicine in the eyes.

Always inform the employer of being a contact lens wearer. Some jobs may require use of eye protection equipment or may require that the patient not wear contact lenses.

As with any contact lens, follow-up visits are necessary to assure the continuing health of the patient’s eyes. The patient should be instructed as to a recommended follow-up schedule.

ADVERSE REACTIONS

The patient should be informed that the following problems may occur:

- Eyes stinging, burning, or itching (irritation), or other eye pain.
- Comfort is less than when the lens was first placed on the eye.
- Feeling that something is in the eye such as a foreign body or a scratched area.
- Excessive watering (tearing) of the eyes.
- Unusual eye secretions.
- Redness of the eyes.
- Reduced sharpness of vision (poor visual acuity).
- Blurred vision, rainbows, or halos around objects.
- Sensitivity to light (photophobia).
- Dry eyes.

If the patient notices any of the above, he or she should be instructed to:

- Immediately remove the lenses.
- If the discomfort or the problem stops, then look closely at the lens. If the lens is in some way damaged, do not put the lens back on the eye. Place the lens in the storage case and contact the eye care practitioner. If the lens has dirt, an eyelash, or other foreign body on it, or the problem stops and the lenses appears undamaged, the patient should thoroughly clean, rinse, and disinfect both lenses; then reinsert them. After reinsertion, if the problem continues, the patient should immediately remove the lenses and consult the eye care practitioner.

When any of the above problems occur, a serious condition such as infection, corneal ulcer, neovascularization, or iritis may be present. The patient should be instructed to keep the lens off the eye and seek immediate professional identification of the problem and prompt treatment to avoid serious eye damage.

FITTING

Conventional methods of fitting contact lenses apply to all soft contact lenses. For a detailed description of the fitting techniques, refer to the Practitioner Fitting Guide copies of which are available from:

CooperVision, Inc.
711 North Road
Scottsville, New York 14546
1-800-341-2020
www.coopervision.com

WEARING SCHEDULE

The wearing and replacement schedules should be determined by the eye care practitioner. Patients tend to over-wear the lenses initially. The eye care practitioner should emphasize the importance of adhering to the initial maximum wearing schedule. Regular checkups, as determined by the eye care practitioner are also extremely important.

CooperVision recommends that all soft contact lenses be discarded and replaced with a new lens on a frequent replacement basis. The eye care practitioner is encouraged to determine an appropriate lens replacement schedule based upon the response of the patient.

DAILY WEAR: (less than 24 hours, while awake). The maximum suggested wearing time is:

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LENS CARE DIRECTIONS

Eye care practitioners should review with the patient lens care directions, including both basic lens care information and specific instructions on the lens care regimen recommended for the patient.

- Always wash, rinse, and dry hands before handling contact lenses.
- Do not use saliva or anything other than the recommended solutions for lubricating or rewetting. Do not put lenses in the mouth.
- The patient should always have a spare pair of lenses at all times.

General Lens Care (As Prescribed For Planned Replacement Only):

Basic Instructions:

- Always use fresh, unexpired lens care solutions.
- Use the recommended chemical (not heat) system of lens care and carefully follow instructions on solution labeling. Different solutions cannot always be used together, and not all solutions are safe to use with all lenses. Do not alternate or mix lens care systems unless indicated on solution labeling.
- Lenses should be cleaned, rinsed, and disinfected each time they are removed. Cleaning and rinsing are necessary to remove mucus and film from the lens surface. Disinfecting is necessary to destroy harmful germs.
- Always remove, clean, rinse, (as recommended by the eye care practitioner) and disinfect lenses according to the schedule prescribed by the eye care practitioner. The use of an enzyme cleaner is not recommended.
The eye care practitioner should recommend a care system that is appropriate for soft contact lenses. Each lens care product contains specific directions for use and important safety information, which should be read and carefully followed.

Note: Some solutions may have more than one function, which will be indicated on the label. Read the label on the solution bottle, and follow directions.

Clean one lens first (always the same lens first to avoid mix-ups), rinse the lens thoroughly with recommended saline or disinfection solution to remove cleaning solution, mucus, and film from the lens surface, and put that lens into the correct chamber of the lens storage case. Then repeat the procedure for the second lens.

After cleaning, and rinsing, disinfect lenses using the system recommended by the manufacturer and/or eye care practitioner.

To store lenses, disinfect and leave them in the closed/unopened case until ready to wear. If lenses are not to be used immediately following disinfection, the patient should be instructed to consult the package insert or the eye care practitioner for information on the storage of lenses.

After removing the lenses from the lens case, empty, and rinse the lens storage case with solution as recommended by the lens case manufacturer; then allow the lens case to air dry. When the lens case is used again, refill it with storage solution. Replace the lens case at regular intervals as recommended by the lens case manufacturer or your eye care practitioner.

Eye care practitioners may recommend lubrication/rewetting solution, which can be used to wet (lubricate) the lenses while they are being worn to make them more comfortable.

CHEMICAL LENS DISINFECTION (Including Hydrogen Peroxide):

Clean the contact lenses with a recommended cleaning solution and thoroughly rinse them with a recommended rinsing solution.

After cleaning and rinsing, to disinfect, carefully follow the instructions accompanying the disinfecting solution in the eye care regimen recommended by the lens manufacturer or the eye care practitioner.

When using hydrogen peroxide lens care systems, lenses must be neutralized before wear. Follow the recommendations on the hydrogen peroxide system labeling.

Thoroughly rinse lenses with a fresh solution recommended for rinsing before inserting and wearing, or follow the instructions on the disinfection solution labeling.

Do not heat the disinfection solution and lenses.

Leave the lenses in the unopened storage case until ready to put on the eyes.

CAUTION: Lenses that are chemically disinfected may absorb ingredients from the disinfecting solution which may be irritating to the eyes. A thorough rinse in fresh sterile saline solution prior to placement in the eye should reduce the potential for irritation.

LENS CASE CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE

Contact lens cases can be a source of bacteria growth. Lens cases should be emptied, cleaned, and rinsed with solution recommended by the lens case manufacturer, and allowed to air dry. Lens cases should be replaced at regular intervals as recommended by the lens case manufacturer or the eye care practitioner.

CARE FOR A DRIED OUT (DEHYDRATED) LENS

If any soft contact lens is exposed to air while off the eye, it may become dry and brittle. In this event, simply dispose of the lens and replace with a fresh one.

CARE FOR A STICKING (NONMOVING) LENS

If the lens sticks (stops moving or cannot be removed), the patient should be instructed to apply 2 to 3 drops of the recommended lubricating or rewetting solution directly to the eye and wait until the lens begins to move freely on the eye before removing it. If non-movement of the lens continues more than 5 minutes, the patient should immediately consult the eye care practitioner.

EMERGENCIES

The patient should be informed that if chemicals of any kind (household products, gardening solutions, laboratory chemicals, etc.) are splashed into the eyes, the patient should: FLUSH THE EYES IMMEDIATELY WITH TAP WATER AND IMMEDIATELY CONTACT THE EYE CARE PRACTITIONER OR VISIT A HOSPITAL EMERGENCY ROOM WITHOUT DELAY.

HOW SUPPLIED

Each lens is supplied sterile in a buffered saline solution. The container is labeled with the base curve, diameter, diopteric power, manufacturing lot number, and expiration date of the lens.

DO NOT USE IF THE CONTAINER IS BROKEN OR THE SEAL HAS BEEN DAMAGED.

REPORTING OF ADVERSE REACTIONS

All serious adverse experiences and adverse reactions observed in patients wearing any soft contact lens or experienced with the lenses should be reported to:

Attn: Product Services
711 North Road
Scottsville, New York 14546
(800) 341-2020
www.coopervision.com

Manufacturer:
Juana Diaz, PR 00795, USA
Southpoint, Hamble, SO31, 4RF, UK
Scottsville, NY 15456, USA

Part Number: PI01024
Revision: A

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Revision Date: August 2016